



Agile Data Logging and Analysis

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Overview

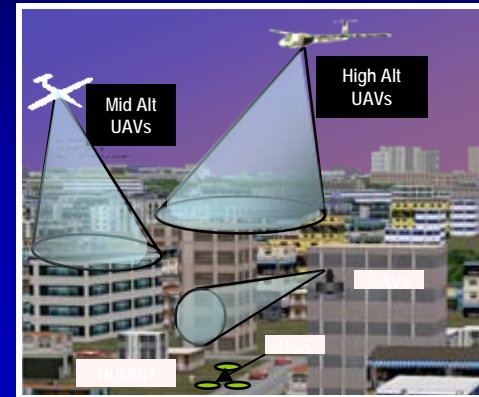
- **Review Joint Experimentation**
- **Scoping the Data**
- **Specifying the Data**
- **Managing the Data**

Joint Experimentation Data Requirements

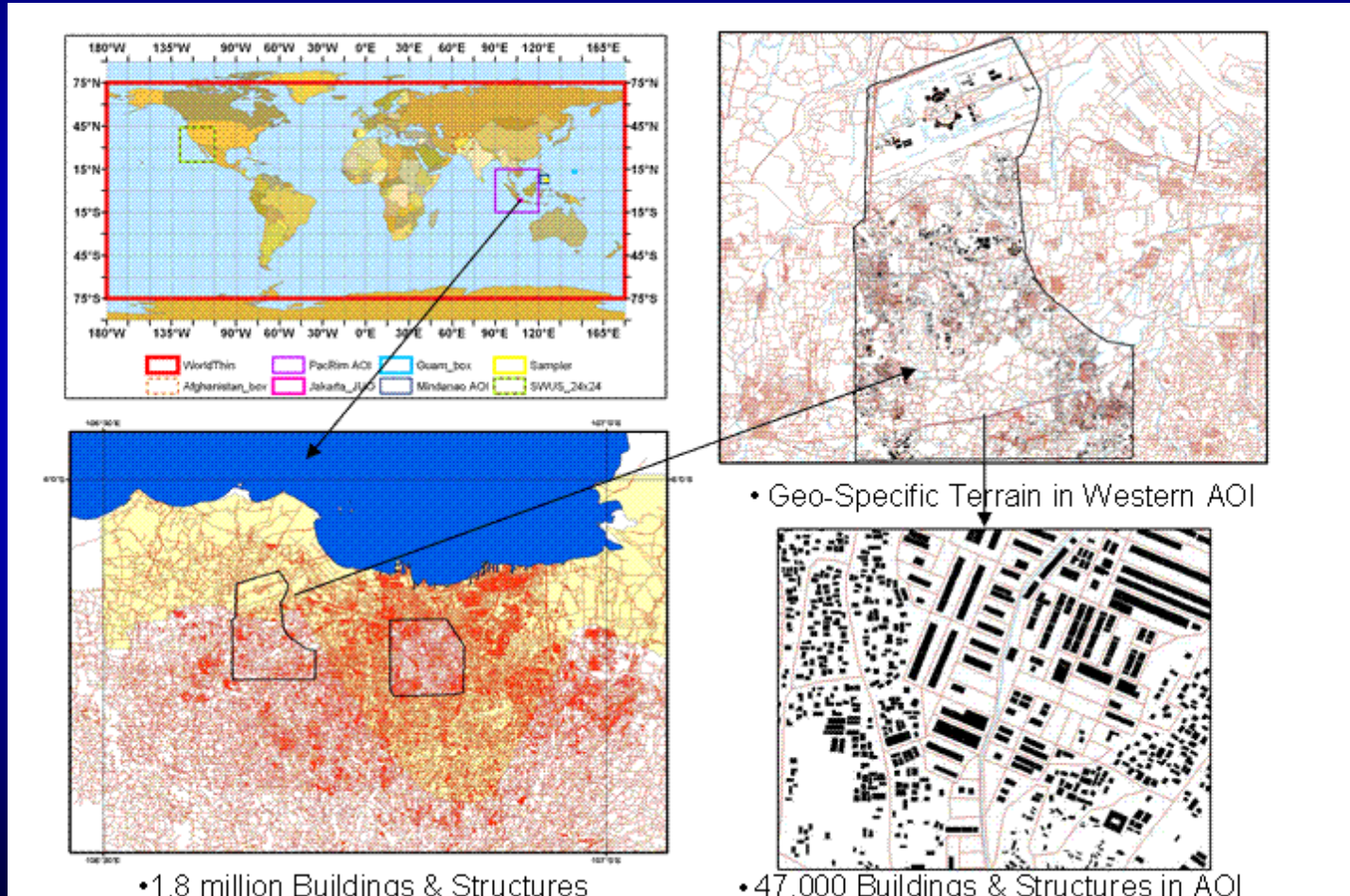
- **Larger Scale**
 - Global scale vs. theatre
- **Higher Fidelity**
 - Greater complexity in models of entities
 - (sensors, people, vehicles, etc.)
- **Urban Operations**
 - Millions of civilians
- **All of the above produce dramatic increases in data relative to the previously experienced events.**

Joint Urban Operations: Urban Resolve Experiments

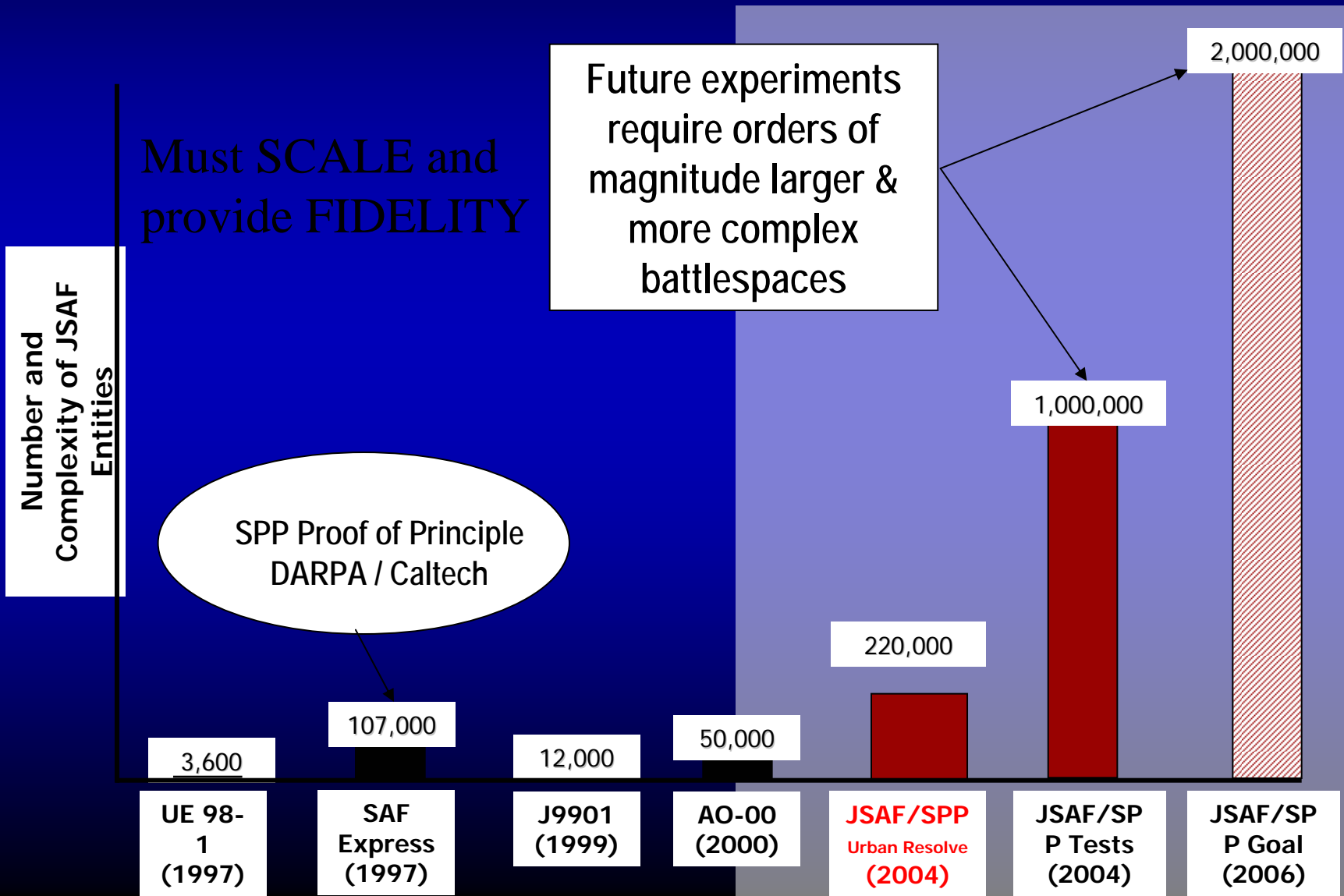
- Data needs driven by the Joint Advanced Warfighting Project (JAWP)
 - Large urban battle space
 - 100-200K entities (current)
 - 2 million entities (soon)
- Support for the Warfighters
- Developing future military tactics and doctrine



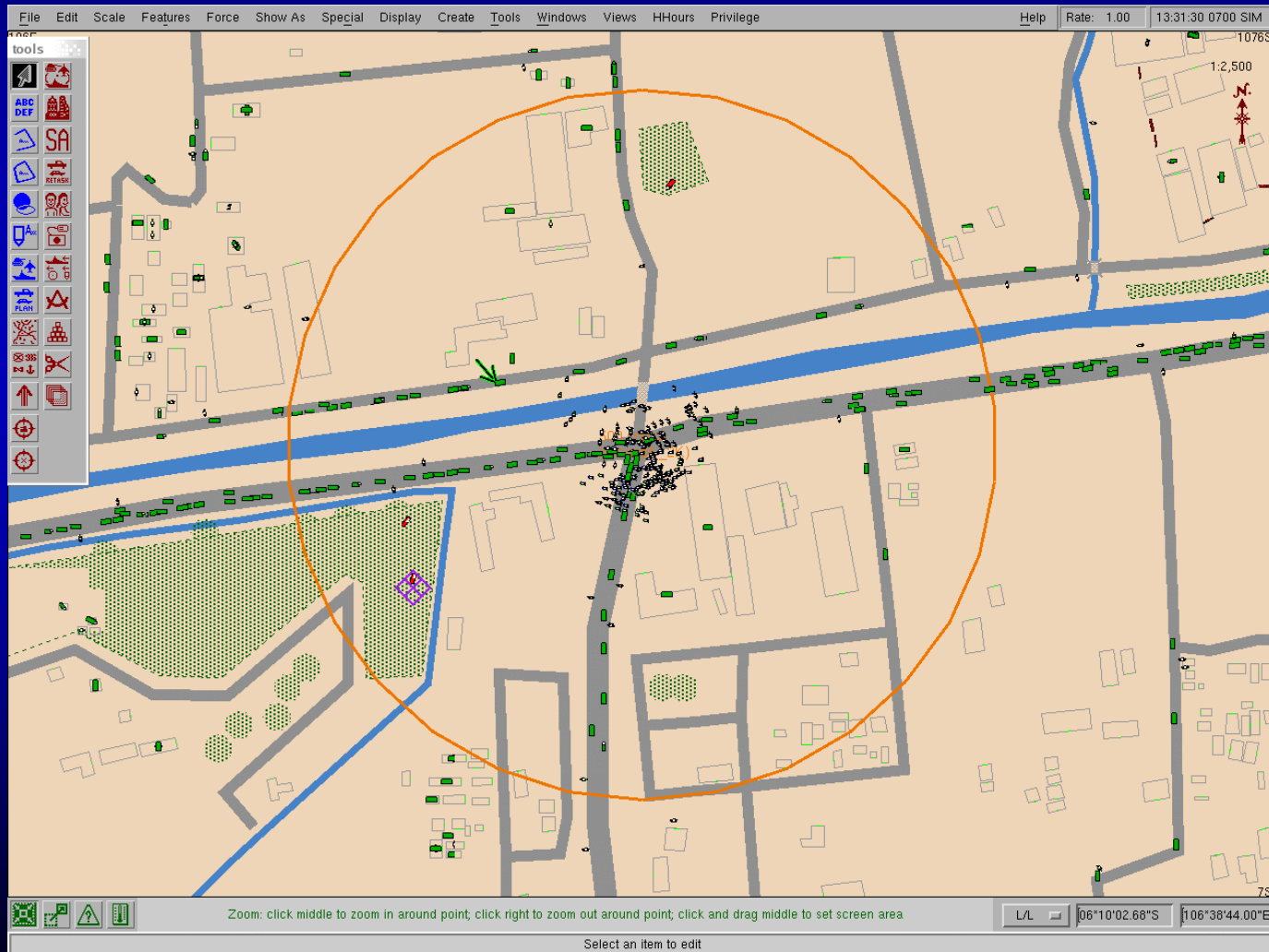
Terrain Large, but NOT Significant Data Issue



Growing Entity Count



Plan View Display



Technical Successes

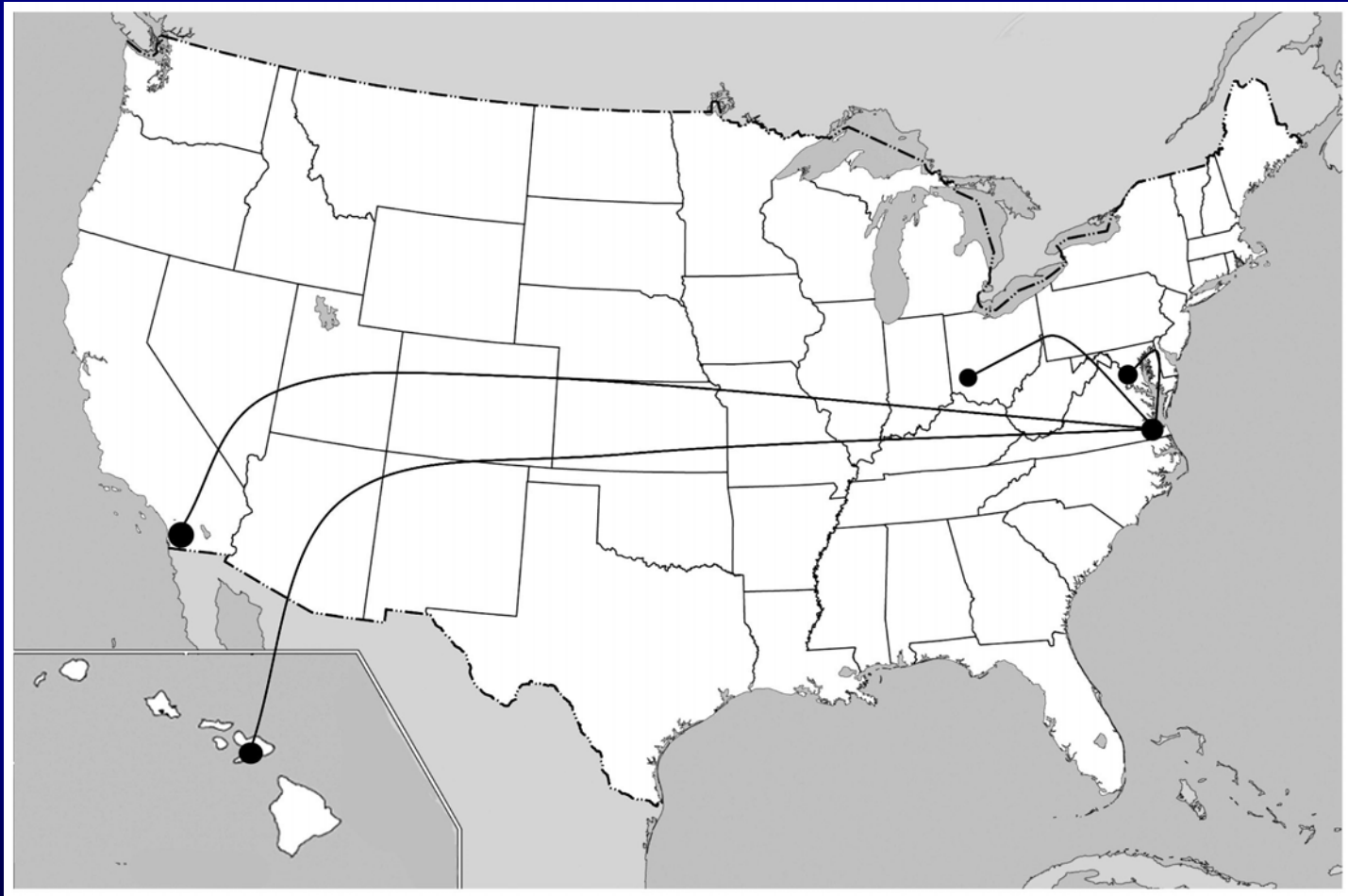
- **1 Million Entities**
 - Clutter and operational
 - December, 2002
- **Consistent and stable service scheduled and delivered**
- **Using DREN, both Classified and Unclass**
- **Technology adopted by CENTCOM**
 - Fielded to Baghdad
- **JSAF Experiments Demonstrated to:**
 - Reps. Ford, Thornberry, and Forbes
 - Former Speaker Newt Gingrich
 - Sen Hillary Clinton
 - Gen Abizaid
 - DDR&E
 - DDS&T

Computing Infrastructure

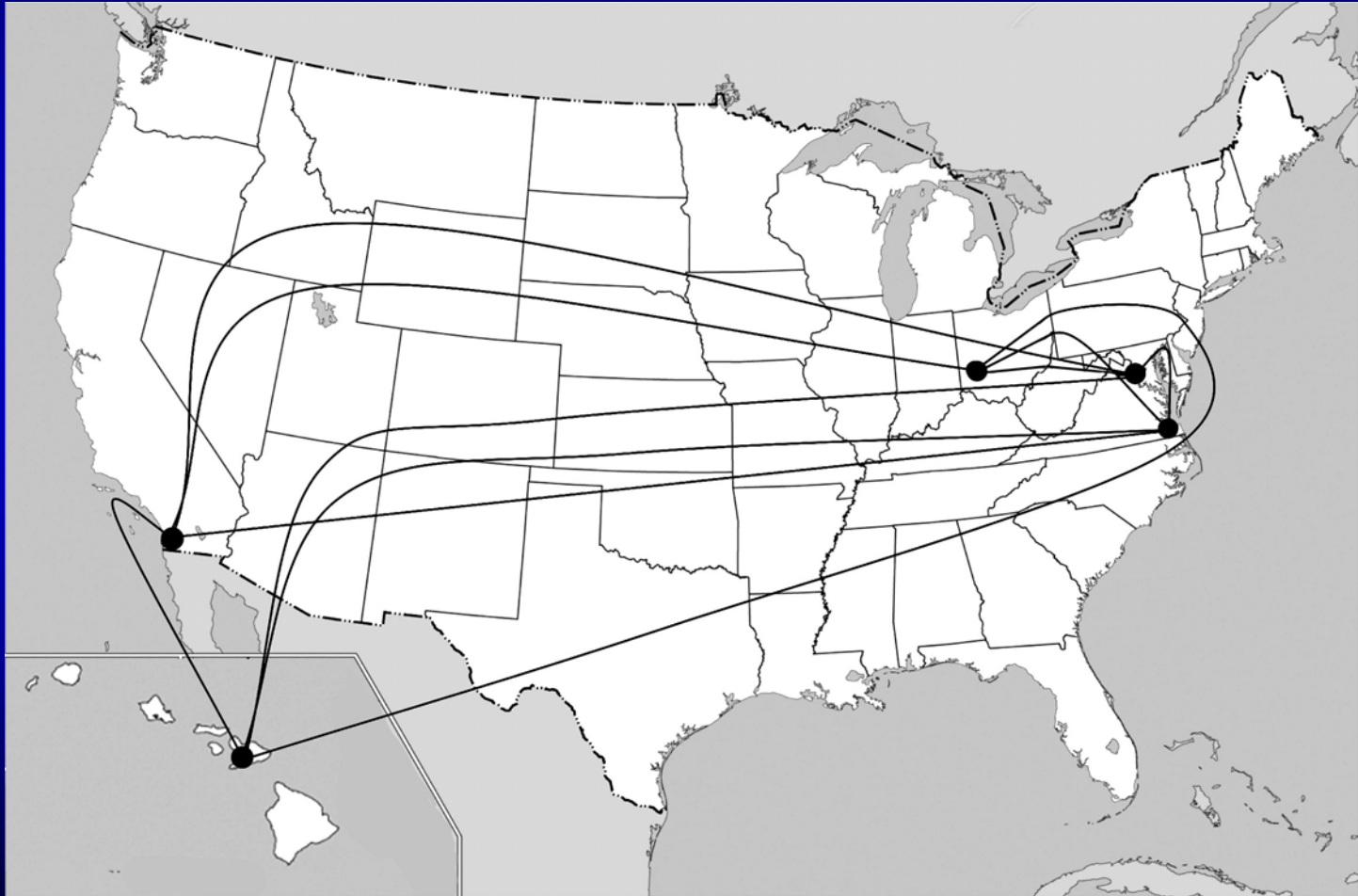
- Deployed, spring '04
- MHPCC & ASC-MSRC
 - 2 Linux Clusters
 - 24x7 support by HPCMP
- DREN Connectivity
 - Users in VA and CA
 - Application tolerates network latency
- Real-time interactive supercomputing



JFCOM Net Diagram (Notional)



JFCOM Mesh Diagram (Notional)



Urban Resolve Participants

- **JFCOM – Suffolk Virginia (Tidewater Area)**
- **TEC – Ft. Belvoir Virginia**
- **DTRA – Ft. Belvoir Virginia**
- **SPAWAR – San Diego California**
- **US Army – Ft. Knox, Kentucky**
- **US Army – Ft. Leavenworth Kansas**
- **ASC MSRC – WPAFB, Ohio**
- **MHPCC – Maui Hawai'i**

Growth and the Impending Data Armageddon

- **JFCOM has IMMEDIATE need for more entities (10X)**
- **Memory on Nodes and in Tertiary Storage very limited**
 - TeraByte a week with existing practice
 - Keeping only 20% of current data
 - Need 10X more entities
 - Need 10X behavior improvement
 - Net growth needed: almost three orders of magnitude
- **Now doing face validity**
- **Need more quantitative, statistical approach**
 - Caltech – Dr. Thomas Gottschalk
 - NPS – Profs Sanchez and Lucas
- **Data mining efforts now ¹⁴commencing**

Two Key Challenges

- **Collect the “fire hoses” of data generated by large-scale distributed sensor rich environments**
 - Without interfering with communication
 - Without interfering with simulator performance
- **Maximally exploit the collected data efficiently**
 - Without overwhelming users
 - Without losing critical content
- **Goal:**
 - Unified distributed logging/analysis
 - infrastructure, helps users and the
 - computing/networking infrastructure managers

Limitation of the Original System – Does not scale

- **Two separate data analysis systems**
 - One for near-real time during the event
 - Another one for post event processing
- **For near-real time**
 - Too much data access over wide-area network
- **For post event processing**
 - 1-2 weeks to stage data to centralized data store
 - Discards Green entities (80%)

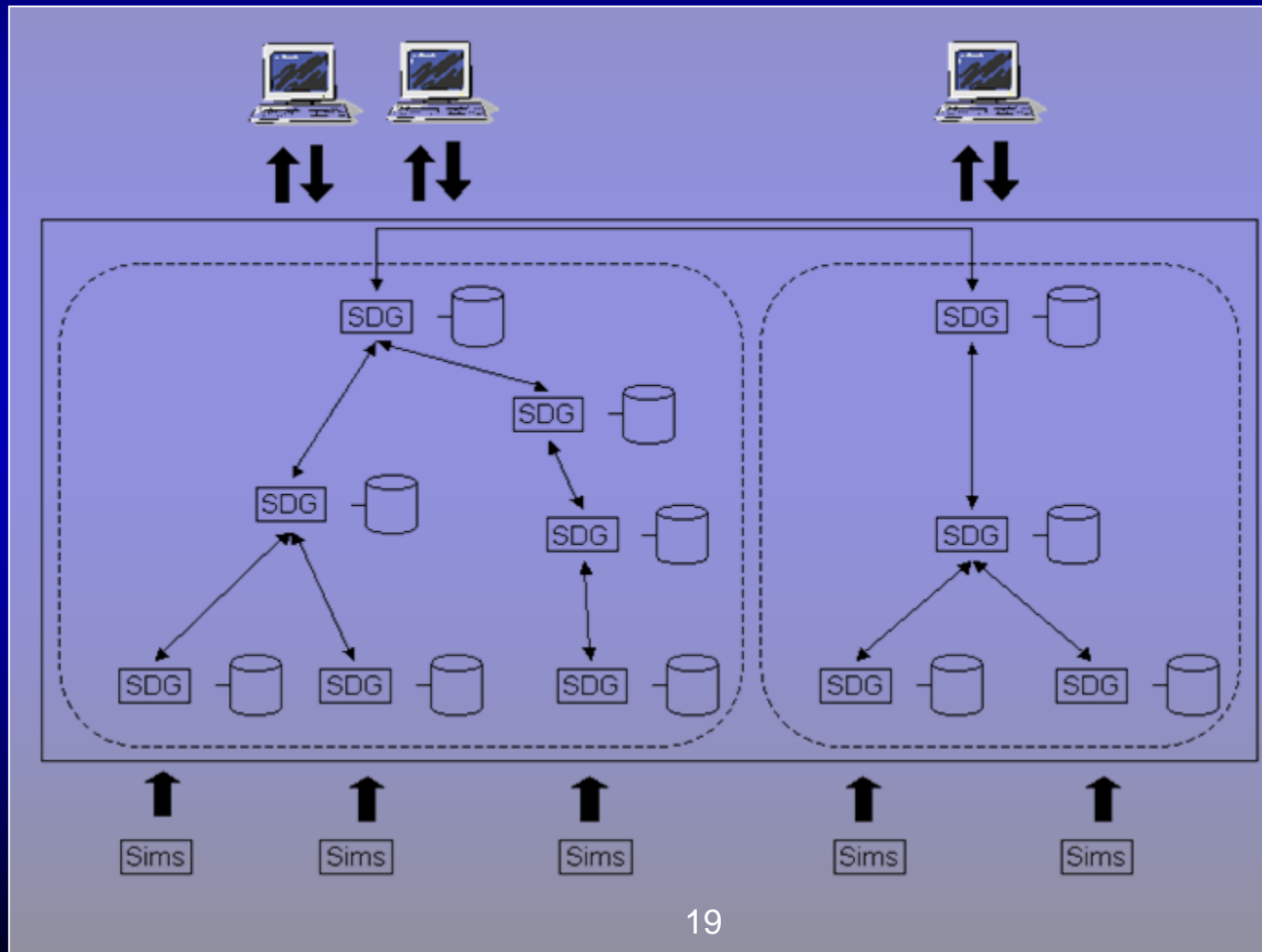
Handling Dynamic Data

- **Data is NOT static during runs, but users need to access**
 - **Logger continuously inserts new data from the simulation**
- **Need distributed query to combine remote data sources**
 - **Distributed logger inserts data into SDG data store at each site**
- **Problems**
 - **Local cache invalid with respect to inserts**
 - **Cannot preposition data to optimize queries**
- **ISI Strategy: explore trade-offs**
 - **Compute on demand for better efficiency**
 - **Compute on insert for faster queries**
 - **Variable fidelity: periodic updates**
 - **Dynamic pre-computation:**
 - **detect frequent queries** ¹⁷

Handling Distributed Data


- **Analyze data in place**
 - **Data is generated on distributed nodes**
 - **Leave data where it is generated**
- **Distribute data access so data appears to be at a single site**
- **Take advantage of HPC hardware capabilities**
 - **Large capacity data storage**
 - **High bandwidth network**
 - **Data archival**
- **Exploit JSAF query characteristics**
 - **Limited number of joins**
 - **Counting/aggregation type queries**
 - **Size of data product is several orders**
 - **of magnitude less than raw data size**

Notional Diagram of Scalable Data Grid



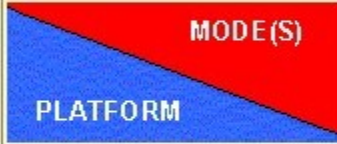
Multidimensional Analysis: Sensor/Target Scoreboard

Aggregate(Top) Level

	Civilian School Bus	Civilian SUV	Civilian Medium Car	Civilian Medium Truck	Civilian Small Car	Civilian Large Truck	Civilian Small Truck	Civilian Large Car	Civilian Bus	Civilian Limo	MEL	UAZ469B	BTR80	Total
	High Altitude ¹	463	237	234	240	266	389	230	254	266	218	121	4	3
Medium Altitude ¹	12	6	4	7	7	4	8	4	4	5	3	0	0	64
Totals	475	243	238	247	273	393	238	258	270	223	124	4	3	2989

- Summarizes sensor contact reports
 - Positive and negative sensor detections
- Displays two dimensional views of the data
- Provides three levels of drill-down
 - Sensor platform type vs. target class
 - Sensor platforms vs. sensor modes
 - List of contact reports

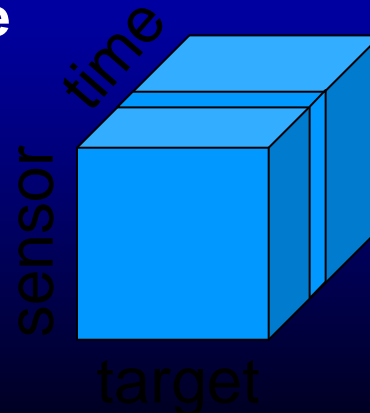
Platform/Mode Level

	MEL			Total
	SPOT_IR	STRIP_IR	MTI	
30 Lacrosse*	20	63	0	83
38 Lacrosse*	0	0	27	27
47 Lacrosse*	0	0	11	11
Total	20	63	38	121

Sensor Mode(s): **SPOT_IR STRIP_IR MTI**

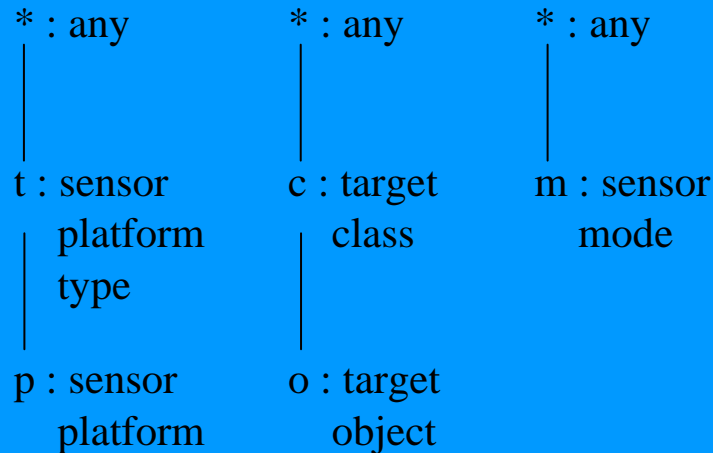
Multidimensional Analysis

- Raw data has other dimensions of potential interest
 - Detection status
 - Time, location
 - Terrain type, entity density
 - Weather condition
- Each dimension can be aggregated at multiple levels
 - Time: minutes, hours, days
 - Location: country, grid square
- Collapse and expand multiple dimensions for viewing



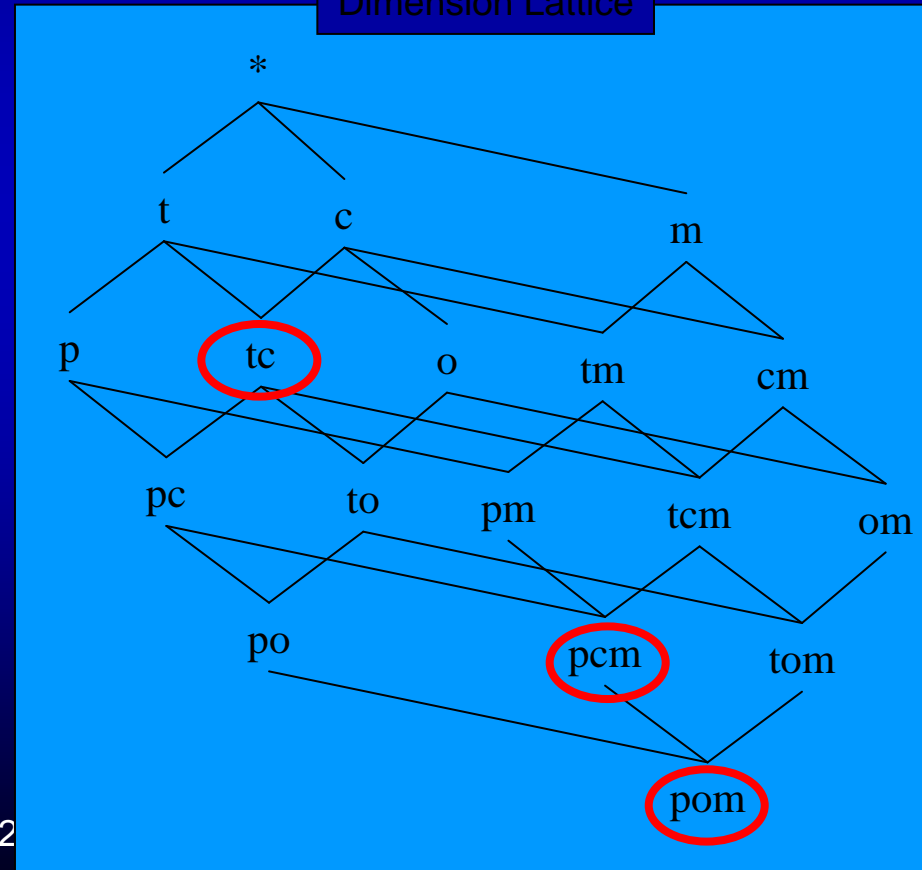
Multidimensional Analysis

Dimensions



- **Sensor/Target Scoreboard drill-downs in the context multidimensional analysis**
- **Data classified along 3 dimensions**
- **Drill-down to 3 nodes in the dimensional lattice**

Dimension Lattice



Cube Dimension Editor

Cube Dimension Editor

File Tabs View Tools Options

Sensors Targets Detection Status

name	dimension	nodeIndex	valueIndex	lookupString
root	1	312	0	
└─ Munitions	1	313	-454	
└─ Structures	1	313	-458	
└─ Generic	1	314	-457	
└─ Land	1	313	-224	
└─ Indonesia	1	314	-31	
└─ Sweden	1	314	-44	
vehicle_Sweden_CIV_Bus	1	315	37	1-1-205-27-2-0-0
vehicle_Sweden_CIV_Sm_Car	1	315	38	1-1-205-27-3-0-0
vehicle_Sweden_CIV_Bulldozer_Truck	1	315	43	1-1-205-27-1-6-0
vehicle_Sweden_CIV_SUV	1	315	40	1-1-205-27-3-3-0
vehicle_Sweden_CIV_Med_Car	1	315	39	1-1-205-27-3-1-0
vehicle_Sweden_CIV_Liquid_Chemical_C1	1	315	41	1-1-205-27-4-0-0
vehicle_Sweden_CIV_Garbage_Truck	1	315	36	1-1-205-27-1-4-0
vehicle_Sweden_CIV_Concrete_Truck	1	315	42	1-1-205-27-1-5-0
vehicle_Sweden_CIV_Sm_Truck	1	315	34	1-1-205-27-1-0-0
vehicle_Sweden_CIV_Lg_Truck	1	315	35	1-1-205-27-1-2-0
└─ Iran	1	314	-33	

Name: Targets

Description: Types of targets

Column Name: target_id

Root	Category	Country	Entity
<root=0>	<Undefined=-472>	<Generic=-457>	<vehicle_Launcher=1>
	<Radars=-468>	<US=-453>	<vehicle_SEAsia_107mm_Launcher=3>
	<Ammo Pallets=-465>	<USSR=-378>	<vehicle_SEAsia_57mm_Launcher=4>
	<Structures=-458>	<Iraq=-368>	<vehicle_SEAsia_82mm_Launcher=5>
	<Munitions=-454>	<Chinese=-349>	<vehicle_SEAsia_120mm_Launcher=6>

SDG: Broader Applicability?

- **Scalable Data Grid: a distributed data management application/middleware that effectively:**
 - Collects and stores high volumes of data at very high data rates from geographically distributed sources
 - Accesses, queries and analyzes the distributed data
 - Utilizes the distributed computing resources on HPC
 - Provides a multidimensional framework for viewing the data
- **Potential application areas**
 - Large scale distributed simulations
 - Instrumented live training exercises
 - High volume instrumented physics research and experiments
 - Virtually any distributed data environment using HPC resources

Summary

- **New capabilities for JFCOM Joint Experiments**
 - Global scale
 - Higher fidelity
 - Orders of magnitude more entities
- **They were the most effective due to:**
 - HPCMP provision of clusters at MHPCC and ASC-MSRC
 - Development under the watchful eye of parallel architects
 - Support by experienced staff at the centers
 - Assistance of PET personnel (Pratt & Amburn)

Government Support

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